CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/52

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Pa	age 2		Mark Scheme IGCSE – May/June 2013	Syllabus 0620	S Paper 52	<u>r</u>	
(a)	Tab	le of	results for Experiment 1	1 3323			
	initi	initial and final volumes and differences completed correctly (1)					
	with	nin ± 2	2 Supervisor (1)				
	all r	esults	s (both tables) to 1 or 2 decimal places (in	cluding 0.0) (1)			
(b)	Tab	le of	results for Experiment 2				
	initi	initial and final volumes and differences completed correctly (1)					
	titre	lowe	er than experiment (1)				
	with	nin ± 2	2 Supervisor (1)				
(c)	(i)	to sp	peed up the reaction / owtte (1)				
	(ii)	colo	urless (1) not: clear, to brown / pink / purp	le / lilac / mauve (1)			
	(iii)		an acid / alkali reaction or potassium mang indicating owtte (1)	ganate is coloured /			
(d)	(i)	expe	eriment 1 allow: ecf from results (1)				
	(ii)		eriment 1 (about) 2x volume experiment 2 w: ecf from results	– <u>quantitative relations</u>	ship required.		
	(iii)	solut	tion B / experiment 1 more concentrated /	stronger or converse ((1)		
		(abo	out) 2x as concentrated <u>quantitative state</u>	ement (1)			
(e)	half	value	e from table result for experiment 2 (1) cm	³ (1)			
	half	volur	me / amount (of C) used (1)				
(f)	•	,	xidation (1) duction (occur) (1)				

(g) advantage: easy to use / quick / convenient (1)

transfer of electrons scores 2

oxygen / hydrogen / electrons / oxidation numbers

[2] disadvantage: not accurate owtte (1)

[2]

	Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2013	0620	52
2	bubbles / fizz	z (ignore references to colour / ppt) (1)		[1]
	(a) pH = 7 (accept any in range 5 to 7, must be a number) (1)		[1]
		te precipitate (1) solves / clears (1)		[2]
	` '	te precipitate (1) bluble / does not dissolve (1) (dependent on a ppt ha	ving been formed)	[2]
	(c) no chan	ge / colourless solution / no ppt / no reaction (1)		[1]
	(d) white (1)) precipitate (1)		[2]
	(e) bubbles	/ fizz / effervescence (1)		
	limewate	er (1) milky (1)		[3]
	white (1)) precipitate (1)		[2]
	(f) aluminiu	ım (1) sulfate (1)		[2]
	(g) carbon o	dioxide (1)		[1]
	(h) calcium	(1) carbonate (1)		[2]